

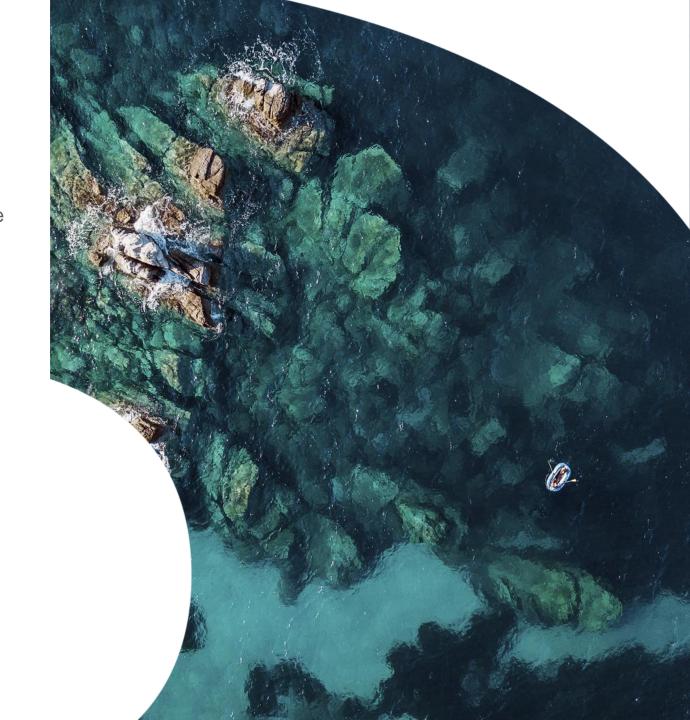
NERC EDS: Research Data Management Best Practice

With thanks to the EDS Training Activity Working Group

Content

- Introduction to NERC Environmental Data Service (EDS)
- Data Policy
- FAIR and CARE principles
- Open science
- Data Life Cycle
- Data Management Plan
- Data Collection
- Organising files and folders
- Storage and back-up
- Metadata
- Publication







The Data Life Cycle

In this section, you will learn how to organise your data through planning, collection, analysis, publication and beyond



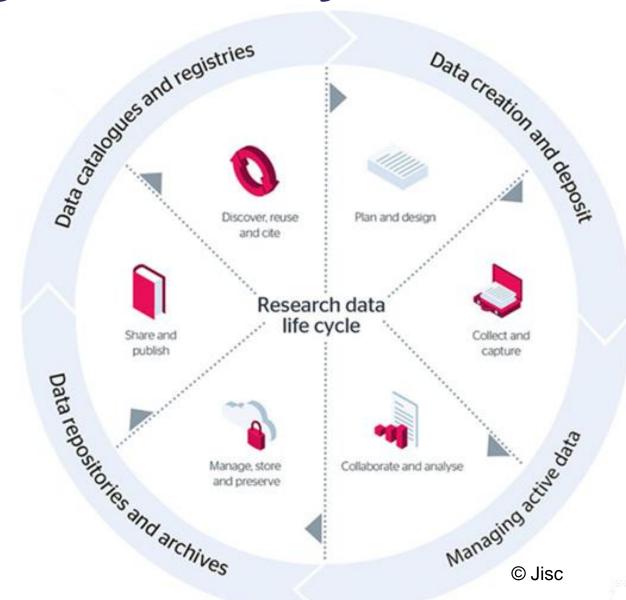


Research Data Management Lifecycle

The data life cycle is the sequence of stages that a particular unit of data goes through from its initial generation or capture to its eventual archival and/or deletion at the end of its useful life.

- 1) Data Management planning
- Data collection and capture, collection and analysis
- Data storage and archiving, sharing and publishing
- Data cataloguing, discovery and reuse



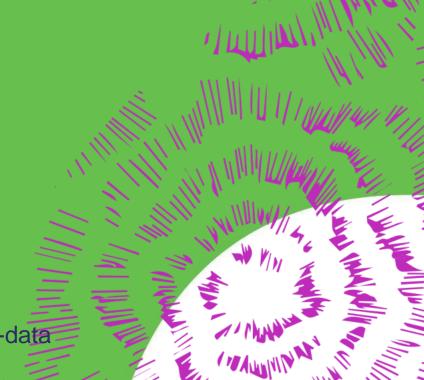




Finding data

 In this section, you will learn where to find data, data catalogues and searching for data efficiently





RDM lifecycle

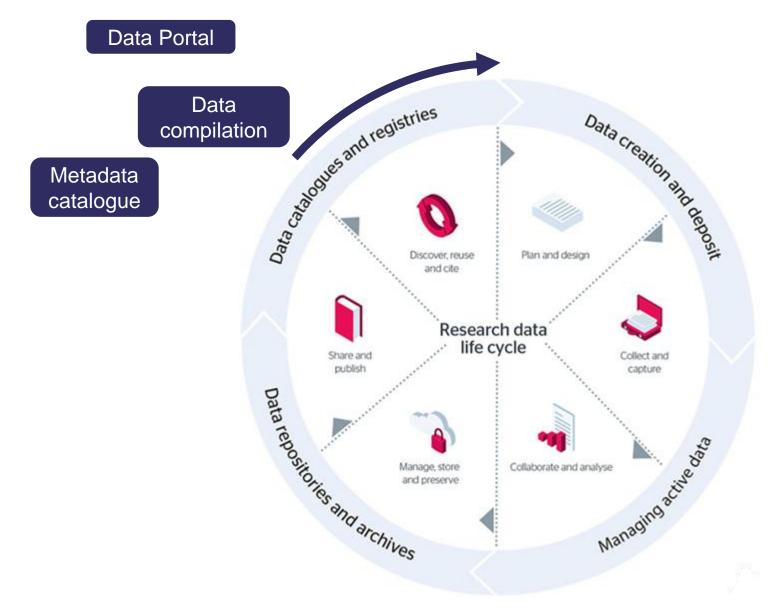
Data discovery and reuse

NERC EDS

International repositories

Data portals

Interoperability





Finding Data

Data can be found in multiple ways, depending on the domain, type, and quantity of data you are looking for

Web

searches

NERC EDS Catalogues Specialist repositories Where to find data? Generalist repositories Data portals

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Other Repositories

International repositories









Specialist repositories











Generalist Repositories









Data Portals

There are many data portals for specific environmental topics and datatypes.

Data portals are useful for accessing large volumes of data from multiple sources at once

Some examples:

- Airborne Geophysics data portal: https://www.bas.ac.uk/project/nagdp/
- Antarctic Plant Database: <u>BAS Antarctic Plant</u>
 <u>Database specimen query (nerc-bas.ac.uk)</u>
- Krillbase: Krillbase (nerc-bas.ac.uk)
- South Georgia data portal: <u>SG_MPA_dataportal</u> -<u>Log In (nerc-bas.ac.uk)</u>
- Tristan data portal: <u>Tristan da Cunha</u>
 <u>Environmental Data Portal Sign In (bas.ac.uk)</u>





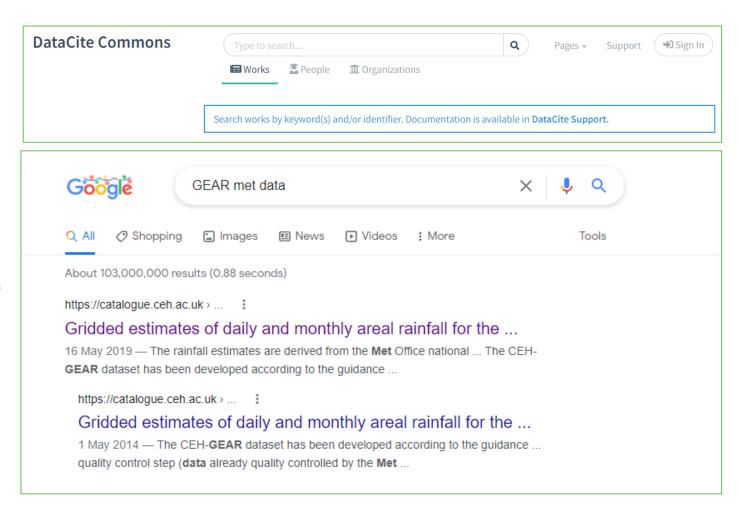




Search Engines

You can search for data using broad cross-website searches, or through specialist data portals

- NERC catalogue service
- Data.gov.uk
- DataCite
- Google





Searching efficiently

Boolean Search Modifiers

1. Quotation Marks ("")

Help find exact phrase matches in search.

2. Asterisk (*) or Wild Card

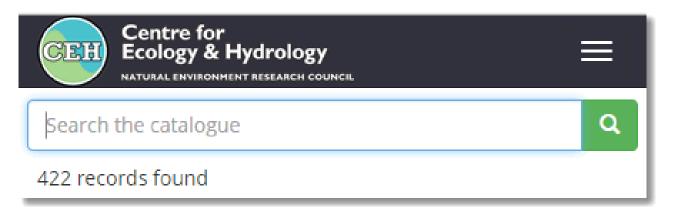
The asterisk is useful when looking for variants of the keyword.

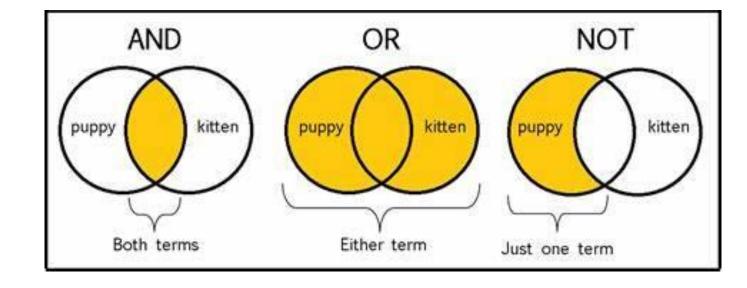
3. Parentheses ()

Parentheses give priority to the text written within them.

www.omnesgroup.com

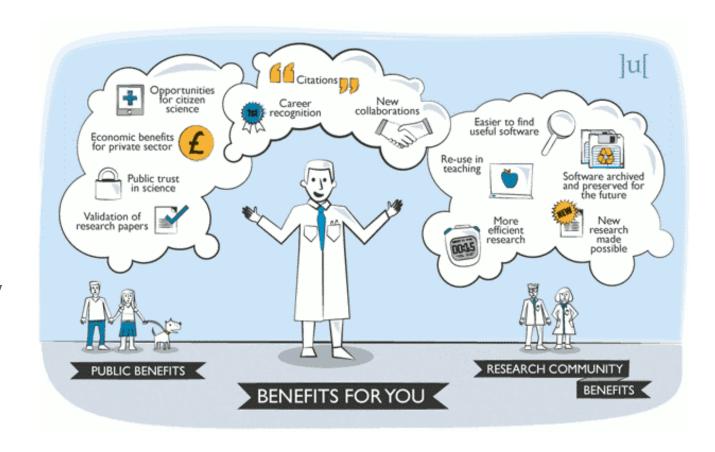






Summary

- The Environmental Data Service (EDS) provide a focal point for scientific data and information spanning all environmental science domains.
- EDS support and advise you on all aspects of Data Management.
- The environmental data produced by the activities funded by NERC are considered a public good and they will be made openly available for others in one of the 5 EDS data centres. This needs to be done within 2 years after data collection.















Summary

 The Research Data Management lifecycle describes the different steps for a research dataset to be published from its planification to reuse

